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McCormick, Paulding & Huber			HYUN, PAUL SANG HWA	
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185 Asylum Street			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_

6) Other: \_\_\_

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### REMARKS

Applicant's Request for Continued Examination has been acknowledged. Claims 11-17, 19 and 20 are pending. Claims 11-13 and 20 have been amended. Amendments to the claims have been acknowledged and entered. It should be noted that the amendments have changed the scope of claims 11-14 and 20.

With respect to the objection made to the Abstract cited in the Final Rejection, the replacement Abstract submitted by Applicant has been acknowledged.

Consequently, the objection is withdrawn.

With respect to the rejection of claims 13 and 14 under 35 U.S.C. 112 1<sup>st</sup> paragraph cited in the Final Rejection, the amendment made to the claims has been acknowledged. Consequently, the rejection has been withdrawn.

With respect to the rejection of claim 20 under 35 U.S.C. 112 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph cited in the Final Rejection, the amendment made to he claims has been acknowledged.

Consequently, the rejection has been withdrawn.

### Claim Objections

Claim 16 is objected to because of the following informalities:

The limitation "recessdefined" recited in line 3 should be amended to "recess defined". Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 11 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hönes et al. (US 5,424,035).

Hönes et al. disclose a test strip analysis system including a test strip with a test field and an analysis apparatus 2 for measuring the test field of the test strip. The analysis apparatus comprises a test strip holder 3, wherein the test strip holder 3 has a positioning means in the form of a retaining lug 26 that engages the test strip in a definite position relative to a support surface 20, which comprises a measurement opening 23. The apparatus 2 further comprises two holding means 39 situated on the edges of the support surface spaced apart from one another for holding the edges of the test strip adjacent the support surface (see Figs. 1 & 2). It should be noted that because the support surface 20 comprises a hole in the form of the measurement opening 23, the support surface in a middle area between the holding means is interpreted to comprise the top surface of the measuring unit 11, which is vertically displaced relative to the edges of the support surface (see Fig. 3).

Claims 13 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Meinecke et al. (US 4,780,283).

Meinecke et al. disclose a test strip analysis apparatus comprising a flexible test strip 22 with a test field 60 and a measuring device for accommodating the test strip in order to measure the test field (see Figs. 1 & 2). The measuring device comprises an inner end and an outer insertion end, a support surface 24 that supports the test strip, and a positioning means in the form of a stop pin 28 that extends outwardly from the support surface toward the inner end of the measuring device. The stop pin 28 penetrates a recess 52 of the test strip to pin the test strip against a counter-pressure surface in the form of a guide element 32 that overlies the stop pin (see lines 63-66 col. 8 and Figs. 2 & 3). The guide element is generally parallel to the arm of the stop pin.

Claims 15-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Meinecke et al.

Meinecke et al. disclose a test strip analysis apparatus comprising a test strip 22 with a test field 60 and a measuring device for accommodating the test strip in order to measure the test field (see Figs. 1 & 2). The measuring device utilizes a pivotal clamping lever mechanism comprising a cam plate 26 and a clamping arm in the form of a stop pin 28 overlying (if the apparatus is viewed upside down) a guide element 32 to immobilize the test strip within the measuring device. The stop pin 28 is biased towards and penetrates a recess 52 of test strip 22 to pin the test strip against a support surface of the guide element 32 wherein the base of the stop pin 28 is parallel to the support surface of the guide element (see lines 63-66 col. 8 and Figs. 2 & 3). The cam plate 26 of pivotal clamping lever mechanism is connected to and works with a second lever arm

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having a second spring 30 to bias the stop pin 28 towards the surface of the test strip. The reference further discloses that the guide element 32 comprises a guide slot 34. The guide slot forms a groove, which narrows conically bi-axially (in the direction of insertion and vertically) to guide the test strip in position that allows stop pin 28 to penetrate recess 52 of the test strip (see line 64, col. 3 – line 8, col. 4 & lines 59-65, col. 8).

Claims 15, 19 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Gassenhuber (US 4,934,817).

Gassenhuber discloses a test strip meter adapted to accommodate a test strip 20 having a test field 88. The meter comprises a support surface, a positioning means in the form of a detent ball 82, a clamping lever pivotal about axis 47, the lever further comprising a clamping arm 18 overlying (if the meter is viewed upside down) and biased towards the support surface and engageable with the surface of the test strip opposite the support surface (see Figs. 2-4). The clamping arm comprises a groove facing the support surface (see Fig. 4) as well as opposing edge flanges 28 adjacent the groove that is received in complementary recesses defined in the support surface when the clamping arm 18 is in the clamping position (see Fig. 5).

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Markart et al. (US 5,281,395)

Response to Arguments

With respect to the rejection of claims 11 and 12 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b),
Applicant's arguments in light of the amendments have been fully considered but they
are not persuasive. It is the Office's stance that the limitations as recited in claims 11
and 12 are still anticipated by the disclosure of Hones et al.

It appears that the "projection" recited in claim 12 appears to correspond to "ring 94" shown in Fig. 10 of the Drawings submitted by Applicant. In order to overcome the disclosure of the Hönes et al. reference, the particular position of the ring 94 relative to other elements of the receiver needs to be more clearly recited. Claims 11 and 12 recite the limitation "test field" to describe the relative position of the projection as well as other features of the field system. However, because Applicant is not claiming a test strip or a test field as a part of the field system (see lines 6-12 of claim 11), the limitation "test field" can be construed to be any part of any object that can be accommodated by the field system.

With respect to the rejection of claims 15-17, 19 and 20, Applicant's arguments have been fully considered and they are persuasive. Examiner agrees with Applicant that it would not have been obvious to reposition the stop pin. Consequently, the rejection of claims 15-17, 19 and 20 cited in the previous Office Action has been withdrawn. However, in light of new interpretation of the claims, claims 15-17 are now rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Meinecke et al. and claims 15, 19 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Gassenhuber.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Paul S. Hyun whose telephone number is (571)-272-

8559. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8AM-4:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Jill Warden can be reached on (571)-272-1267. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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